

The Chartered Governance Qualifying Programme

Corporate Governance



Corporate Governance

Level 6, Part One Programme

Total hours study time: 200

Introduction

The aim of this module is to provide advanced knowledge and key skills necessary for the company secretary or governance professional to act as chief adviser to the board and other stakeholders on best practice in corporate governance, and as the facilitator for systematic application across a wide range of organisations.

Learning outcomes

After successful completion of this module you should:

- 1 Be able to research and critically apply the growing global, regional and local information sources on corporate governance.
- 2 Be able to advise on the duties of directors as well as the role, membership, composition and effectiveness of the board, within legal and regulatory frameworks and ethical standards.
- 3 Be able to apply the concepts of disclosure (including accountability, audit and transparency), corporate social responsibility and stakeholder engagement.
- 4 Be able to critically appraise and apply corporate governance principles and best practices in risk management for the board in the employing or client organisation.
- 5 Be able to exercise appropriate judgment in the use of professional knowledge and skills to the resolution of practical issues and problems in the proper governance of an organisation, including shareholder engagement and directors' remuneration.

Module content

Section A: Corporate governance – principles and issues

25% - 50 Learning hours

LO.1: Be able to research and critically apply the growing global, regional and local information sources on corporate governance

LO.5: Be able to exercise appropriate judgment in the use of professional knowledge and skills to the resolution of practical issues and problems in the proper governance of an organisation, including shareholder engagement and directors' remuneration.

Topic area	Evennlification
Topic area	Exemplification
Definitions and issues in	Origins of the term corporate governance
corporate governance	Definitions of corporate governance
	Theories of corporate governance:
	 shareholder primacy theory
	agency theory:
	 agency conflict
	 agency costs
	stakeholder theory
	Approaches to corporate governance:
	 shareholder value approach
	stakeholder approach
	 inclusive stakeholder approach
	 enlightened shareholder value approach
	 convergence of approaches to corporate governance
	Principles of corporate governance:
	responsibility
	accountability
	transparency
	fairness
	Reputational management
	The corporate governance framework:
	 applicable laws, regulations, standards and codes
	 rules-based approach
	 principles-based approach
	 hybrid approach
	 concepts of 'comply or else', 'comply or explain', 'apply or explain'
	 organisation's constitution
	structures
	policies
	procedures
	Implementation of a governance framework:
	the organisation's purpose
	assimilation of corporate governance practices
	 organisational success

Topic area	Exemplification
Definitions and issues in corporate governance (cont.)	 The importance of adopting good corporate governance practices Consequences of weak governance practices Governance and management
Corporate governance in the UK	History of corporate governance in the UK: from the Cadbury Report to the Combined Code: board of directors non-executive directors executive directors audit committee ai 'going concern' statement internal financial controls UK Stewardship Code relevance of historic corporate governance developments UK Law and Governance: UK Law and governance Companies law UK Listing Regime: UK Listing Rules Disclosure and transparency rules (DTRs) UK Corporate Governance Code Financial Reporting Council (FRC) guidance Guidance from Investors Quoted Companies Alliance (QCA) Corporate Governance Code 2018 Corporate governance and unlisted companies: Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies
Role of the company secretary/governance professional in governance	 The company secretary and corporate governance The requirements for a company secretary: Companies Act 2006 UK Corporate Governance Code CGI guidance on the corporate governance role of the company secretary The role of the company secretary: governance statutory and regulatory compliance advising the board and senior management the board's communicator additional responsibilities

Topic area	Exemplification
Role of the company secretary/governance professional in governance (cont.)	The company secretary as the 'conscience of the company' The Company Secretary: Building trust through governance Qualifications and skills: Companies Act 2006 interpersonal skills commercial and business acumen Position in the organisation: reporting line remuneration evaluation Independence of the company secretary: dual roles Liability of the company secretary In-house versus outsourced company secretary reasons to outsource reasons not to outsource
Other governance issues	 Corporate governance outside the UK The USA and Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002: role of the Investor Stewardship Group (ISG) South Africa and the King Codes Corporate governance frameworks in: Germany Japan China Scandinavia The Netherlands Governance in other sectors: governance in the public sector: Nolan's seven principles of public life governance for family-controlled companies Global principles of corporate governance: G20/OECD Principles of Corporate Governance Basel Corporate Governance Principles for Banks International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN) principles Key issues in corporate governance: composition of boards financial reporting stakeholder relations corporate culture

Topic area	Exemplification
Other governance issues (cont.)	 social responsibility and sustainability sexual harassment in the workplace remuneration of directors and senior executives shareholder dialogue performance of directors risk management tax planning
	 technology and information governance Corporate governance issues in developing and emerging markets

Section B: The board of directors and leadership

30% - 60 Learning hours

LO.2: Be able to advise on the duties of directors as well as the role, membership, composition and effectiveness of the board, within legal and regulatory frameworks and ethical standards.

Topic area	Exemplification
Directors' duties and powers	Powers of directors:
	general management powers
	special powers
	power to delegate
	 shareholders' reserve power to give directions
	 General duties of directors under the Companies Act 2006:
	 common law and fiduciary duties of directors
	 summary of the general duties of directors
	 consequences of a breach of the general duties
	Duty to act within powers and for proper purposes
	Duty to promote the success of the company:
	 Section 172 statement in the strategic report
	Duty to exercise independent judgement
	Duty to exercise reasonable skill, care and diligence:
	 delegation and the duty of skill and care
	Duty to avoid conflicts of interest:
	managing conflicts of interest
	Duty not to accept benefits from third parties
	Duty to declare interests in transactions:
	 interests in proposed or existing transactions or arrangement
	 declarations of interest
	 related party transactions
	Who can bring an action for a breach of the general duties:
	derivative actions
	Fraudulent and wrongful trading
	Directors' and officers' insurance:
	indemnities
	funding of legal expenses
Role and membership of the	Role of the board:
board	 governance role under the UK Corporate Governance Code
	 functions carried out through committees
	 critical management decisions
	 matters required by law
	Matters reserved for the board
	Composition of the board:

Topic area	Exemplification
Role and membership of the board (cont.)	 balance of executive and non-executive directors reporting on board composition Role of the chair: duties and powers of the chair under the law chair should be independent on appointment the chair's time commitments appointment of the chair typical background and characteristics of a FTSE chair Role of the chief executive officer (CEO) Separation of the roles of chair and CEO: CEO should not become chair of the same company non-compliance with the UK Code on separation of the roles Role of other executive directors Non-executive directors (NEDs) – role and independence: role of NEDs in transactions independent non-executive directors NEDs – effectiveness: time commitments lack of effective challenge delays in decision-making Senior independent director Board committees and NEDs Role of the corporate secretary: governance role of the company secretary appointment and removal of the secretary reporting lines and remuneration
Board composition and succession planning	Board size: requirements for a 'balanced board' requirements of the UK Code on composition servicing board committees ability of the board to hold productive, constructive discussions and make prompt rational decisions Balance of skills, knowledge and experience Diversity: current UK Code principles and provisions gender diversity – Women on Boards review gender diversity – Hampton-Alexander review ethnic diversity: Parker review recruiting non-executives from diverse backgrounds reporting on diversity diversity policy disclosures under the DTRs

Topic area	Exemplification
•	Nomination committee:
Balance, composition and succession planning (cont.)	 membership of the nomination committee
	role of the nomination committee
	description of the work of the nomination committee in
	the annual report
	Appointments to the board:
	 led by the nomination committee
	appointment process
	time commitments
	 inspection of service contracts and terms of appointment
	Accepting an offer of appointment
	Succession planning:
	 succession planning in the UK Code
	 what succession plans should cover
	 overseeing the development of a diverse pipeline
	 reporting on succession planning
	Refreshing board membership
	Annual re-election:
	UK Code requirements
	 biographical details
	Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies
Board effectiveness	FRC Guidance on Board Effectiveness
	Regular meetings
	Decision-making processes:
	 dynamics at board meetings
	Supply of information:
	 board packs
	other information
	Board portals, electronic board papers and virtual meetings
	Use of social media by boards
	Corporate culture:
	 how corporate culture is reflected in the UK Code
	 monitoring culture
	 values and culture in the Wates Principles
	Business ethics
	The role of the company secretary in building an ethical culture:
	 speaking out against bad governance and unethical behaviour
	 ensuring the board sets standards of ethical business
	 developing a code of ethics:

Topic area	Exemplification
Board effectiveness (cont.)	 contents of a code of ethics
	 communicating the expected standards of ethical behaviour
	 alerting board management to the professional ethical standards of advisers and others
	 ensuring compliance with values and code of ethics is monitored and breaches are reported to the board
	 ensuring ethical values and code of ethics are reviewed
	 ensuring the board approves and monitors implementation of whistleblowing policies and procedures
	Independent professional advice:
	 independent advice for board committees
	Performance evaluation:
	general guidance
	 externally facilitated board evaluations
	internal evaluations
	 what should be evaluated
	 role of the company secretary/governance professional
	Induction and professional development:
	CGI guidance on induction
	 professional development
	 encouraging senior executives to take up non- executive posts

Section C: Disclosure, corporate social responsibility and stakeholders

25% – 50 Learning hours

LO.3: Be able to apply the concepts of disclosure (including accountability, audit and transparency), corporate social responsibility and stakeholder engagement.

Topic area	Exemplification
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Financial reporting to shareholders and external audit	 Financial and reporting Requirements for financial reporting: Companies Act 2006 Listing, Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules Standards UK Corporate Governance Code Brexit Investor confidence in financial reporting: FRC review of corporate reporting Wates Principles reporting FRC: A matter of principles: The Future of Corporate Reporting Role of the board in financial reporting Role of the company secretary/governance professional in financial reporting Audit committee requirements: requirements for an audit committee composition of the audit committee Role and responsibility of the audit committee Meetings of the audit committee Audit committee relationship with the board Audit committee relationship with shareholders Audit committee report Role of the company secretary/governance professional in relation to the audit committee External auditor: auditor's liability to third parties criminal liability of auditors Role of the external auditor Auditor independence: threats to auditor independence measures to protect auditor independence Non-audit services: restrictions FRC principles of operational separation role of the audit committee Auditor rotation: rotation of audit partner rotation of audit firm

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cocial responsibility (CSR): co defined d d I, social and governance) defined clateral organisations ssociations nial generation vity: erships es on Business and Human Rights cor Multinational Enterprises: es: ecutive remuneration ment goals ability Indexes (DJSI) s nmunity (BITC) Responsible holders: n stakeholders e workforce ment Association: The Stakeholder sion Making
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Topic area	Exemplification
Topic area Corporate social responsibility and stakeholders (cont.)	 Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies Impact of Section 172 to promote the success of the company on stakeholder engagement Role of the company secretary/governance professional in stakeholder engagement: explaining to the board the business case for stakeholder engagement assisting the board with stakeholder engagement advising the board on reporting on stakeholder engagement
	 alerting the board and/or management to opportunities and risks associated with stakeholder engagements advising the board on the setting up of a committee responsible for stakeholder issues
Reporting on non-financial issues, including corporate social responsibility reporting	Non-financial reporting: narrative reporting corporate governance report
	 strategic report CSR reporting and the law: Companies Act 2006 (Strategic and Directors' Reports) Regulations 2013 The Companies, Partnership and Groups (Accounts and Non-Financial Reporting) Regulations 2016 Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 Drivers for voluntary CSR reporting Triple bottom line reporting Integrated reporting: the importance of 'integrated thinking' responding to stakeholder issues difference between sustainability reports and integrated reports Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) GRI Universal Standards topic-specific GRI Standards Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) reporting framework Corporate Reporting Dialogue Climate change reporting Moves to single reporting standard External assurance Environmental Profit & Loss Accounts (EP&L) The governance professional's role in CSR reporting

Section D: Risk management and internal control

10% - 20 Learning hours

LO.4: Be able to critically appraise and apply corporate governance principles and best practices in risk management for the board in the employing or client organisation

Topic area	Exemplification
Risk structures, policies, procedures and compliance (cont.)	 chief risk officer (CRO) role internal auditors' role Policies and procedures: risk policy and manual procedure for monitoring and reviewing risk management and internal control systems Whistleblowing: introducing a whistleblowing procedure questions for boards Cybersecurity: market abuse regulation General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) Network and Information System (NIS) Regulations Governance of information Disaster recovery plans UK Bribery Act 2010 Conflict prevention and resolution Senior executive remuneration and risk

Section E: Shareholder rights, shareholder engagement and directors' remuneration 10% – 20 Learning hours

LO.5: Be able to exercise appropriate judgment in the use of professional knowledge and skills to the resolution of practical issues and problems in the proper governance of an organisation, including shareholder engagement and directors' remuneration.

directors' remuneration.	
Topic area	Exemplification
Shareholders rights and engagement	Definitions
	Separation of ownership and control
	Powers and rights:
	sources
	shareholder rights
	Common abuses of shareholder rights:
	 market abuse and insider dealing
	insider dealing: criminal offence:
	 disclosure of inside information
	 insider lists and control of inside information
	 dealings by directors and persons discharging managerial responsibilities (PDMRs)
	 dealing code and policy
	dilution
	tunnelling
	 related party transactions
	Anonymity of shareholders
	Institutional shareholder responsibilities
	CGI Shareholder Engagement
	shareholder activism
	UK Stewardship Code:
	 principles and guidance
	Shareholder representative bodies:
	 Pensions and Lifetime Savings Association (PLSA)
	Investment Association
	 international shareholder advisory bodies
	 Responsible investment versus socially responsible investment:
	 pursuing a socially responsible investment (SRI) strategy
Board engagement with shareholders	Shareholder engagement
	CGI guidance on engagement
	Annual General Meetings (AGMs)
	Hybrid and virtual AGMs
	AGM trends
	Electronic communication:
	 shareholder communications
	CGI guidance on electronic communications

Topic area	Exemplification
Remuneration of directors and senior executives	Remuneration as a corporate governance issue:
	 importance of remuneration of directors
	 overview of the governance framework on directors'
	remuneration in the UK
	 Elements of remuneration for executive directors and senior executives:
	 components of executive remuneration
	 short-term performance-based incentives
	 long-term incentives: share options
	 long-term incentives: grants of shares ('performance shares')
	 long-term incentive scheme performance measures
	 problems with linking rewards to performance
	the use of benchmarks
	 drawbacks of share option schemes
	 UK Code principles and provisions on remuneration:
	 no director should be involved in deciding their own remuneration outcome
	 levels of remuneration
	 performance-related remuneration
	Remuneration committee:
	 membership of the remuneration committee
	 duties of the remuneration committee
	 delegated powers or recommendations to the board
	 consultation with shareholders
	 remuneration consultants
	 UK voluntary code of conduct for remuneration consultants
	 remuneration committee report
	 Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies
	Directors' remuneration report:
	 GC100 and Investor Group Directors' Remuneration Reporting Guidance
	Directors' remuneration policy:
	 general requirements regarding remuneration policy
	 contents of directors' remuneration policy
	Annual remuneration report:
	 advisory vote on the annual remuneration report
	 content of the annual remuneration report
	 Annual remuneration reports in practice
	Compensation for loss of office and rewards for failure:
	 length of service contracts

Topic area	Exemplification
Remuneration of directors and senior executives (cont.)	 disclosure of unexpired contract term in the annual report use of discretion malus and clawback provisions Listing Rule provisions on long-term incentive schemes: requirement for shareholder approval prohibition on discounted share options Non-executive remuneration procedure for setting NED fees levels of NED fees additional fees performance-related awards for NEDs Other guidance on remuneration Investment Association's Principles of Remuneration PLSA Stewardship and Voting Guidelines 2021 Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS) Proxy Voting Guidelines
	 Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA)/Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) remuneration codes of practice



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